

#### Which one of the following is NOT a recognised cause of chorea:

- A. Sydenham's disease
- B. Basal ganglia neurocysticercosis
- C. Cerebellar astrocytoma
- D. Wilson's disease
- E. Systemic lupus erythematosus.

# 2. Which one of the following is NOT a recognised complication of excessive solar ultraviolet radiation:

- A. Photo-ageing
- B. Cataracts
- C. Scalp hair loss
- D. Immune suppression
- E. Skin cancer.

# 3. Which one of the following is NOT a recognised component of strategies to reduce child injuries in motor vehicle accidents:

- A. Education for road safety
- B. Environment modification by appropriate child restraints
- C. Engineering of cars for seatbelts
- D. Excellent statistics of child accidents
- E. Enforcement of legislation.

# 4. Which one of the following is NOT a recognised component of the Integrated Malaria Management strategy to overcome the scourge of malaria in Africa:

- A. Effective case management
- B. Integrated vector control by indoor spraying
- C. Continuing prophylactic treatment of young children
- D. Environmental management of mosquito breeding sites
- E. Personal protection from mosquito bites.

# 5. Which one of the following is NOT usually associated with the diagnosis of vertebral or spinal cord disease:

- A. Back pain and tenderness
- B. Involuntary movements
- C. Motor deficits with normal cranial nerves
- D. Sensory abnormalities
- E. Sphincter disturbances.

## 6. True (A) or false (B):

Skin cancer is one of the commonest histologically diagnosed cancers.

#### 7. True (A) or false (B):

The amount of solar radiation in South Africa has remained constant over the past 20 years.

#### 8. True (A) or false (B):

Solar radiation exposure is highest at the coast in South Africa.

#### 9. True (A) or false (B):

Sun exposure by the skin is required for the production of vitamin

#### 10. True (A) or false (B):

Chloroquine resistance is due to mutations in *Plasmodium* falciparum genes.

#### 11. True (A) or false (B):

Malaria resistance monitoring is best done by using chloroquine and observing the clinical response.

#### 12. True (A) or false (B):

The prevalence of *P. falciparum* chloroquine resistance transporter (*pfcrt*) gene mutations can be used as a molecular marker for resistance.

#### 13. True (A) or false (B):

Chloroquine resistance is associated with cross-resistance for amodiaquine.

#### 14. True (A) or false (B):

Children have a right to be protected from injury under the Convention on the Rights of the Child.

#### 15. True (A) or false (B):

Most traffic casualties and deaths occur in the high-income countries because of the high number of motor vehicles.

## 16. True (A) or false (B):

Infants are at high risk of injury in motor accidents because of their proportionally large heads and weak necks.

#### 17. True (A) or false (B):

Malignant spinal cord compression is adequately diagnosed clinically together with an X-ray of the spine.

#### 18. True (A) or false (B):

Neuroenteric cysts are embryologically quite separate from bronchial-oesophageal duplication cysts.

## 19. True (A) or false (B):

A diagnostic feature of rhabdomyosarcoma is a positive stain for skeletal muscle differentiation.

### 20. True (A) or false (B):

Neuroenteric cysts are foregut duplication cysts associated with vertebral anomalies.

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